

FUNDFACTS

OASIS



GLOBAL MANAGEMENT COMPANY
(IRELAND) LIMITED
AUTHORISED BY THE CENTRAL BANK OF IRELAND

OASIS CRESCENT GLOBAL EQUITY FUND

▲ QUARTER 2 2019

Fund Manager	Adam Ebrahim	Min. Initial Investment	GBP 5,000
Launch Date	30 November 2000	Min. Additional Investment	GBP 1,000
Risk Profile	Medium to High	Fund Size	GBP 186.1 million
Peer Group	Average Global Shari'ah Equity Peer Group*	Total Expense Ratio	1.27%

* Average Shari'ah Global Equity Peer Group is made up of an average of global equity funds that are Shari'ah compliant, valued daily in USD and obtained via a reputable data service provider.

The Oasis Crescent Global Equity Fund (OCGEF) is a Shari'ah compliant equity fund that seeks to provide an ethical investment product. The Fund conforms to moral and cultural beliefs.

Cumulative Returns

Cumulative Returns	Dec 2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	YTD Jun 2019	Return Since Inception	
																					Cum	Ann
Oasis Crescent Global Equity Fund	(4.7)	1.7	(9.5)	21.6	14.4	25.5	14.6	7.8	(14.2)	20.9	11.1	(3.2)	6.7	24.7	14.6	3.3	25.7	(0.4)	(4.5)	10.8	340.8	8.3
Av. Shari'ah Global Equity Peer Group	(6.1)	(17.8)	(29.4)	13.1	0.9	18.8	2.2	13.4	(15.3)	13.0	11.3	(7.9)	3.2	9.6	8.9	0.9	26.1	11.3	(5.8)	14.3	58.2	2.5

Performance (% returns) in GBP, net of fees, gross of non permissible income of the Oasis Crescent Global Equity Fund since inception to 30 June 2019

(Source: Oasis Research; Morningstar Direct: December 2000 - June 2019)

Annualised Returns

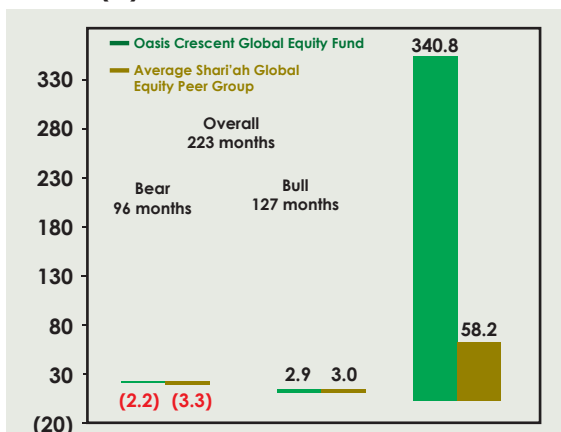
Annualised Returns	% Growth 1 year	% Growth 3 year	% Growth 5 year	% Growth 7 year	% Growth 10 year	Return Since Inception
						Annualised
Oasis Crescent Global Equity Fund	6.0	5.2	8.7	10.5	11.0	8.3
Average Shari'ah Global Equity Peer Group	5.0	9.8	9.9	9.6	8.9	2.5

Performance (% returns) in GBP, net of fees, gross of non permissible income of the Oasis Crescent Global Equity Fund since inception to 30 June 2019

(Source: Oasis Research; Morningstar Direct: December 2000 - June 2019)

Investment Performance

Returns (%)



(Source: Oasis Research; Morning Star Direct: December 2000 - June 2019)

The major driver of performance is that this fund has captured only 67% of the downside in bear market conditions.

Performance (% returns) in GBP, net of fees, gross of non permissible income of the Oasis Crescent Global Equity Fund since inception to 30 June 2019

Risk Analysis

Oasis Fund vs. Benchmark	Sharpe	Sortino
Oasis Crescent Global Equity Fund	0.43	0.62
Average Shari'ah Global Equity Peer Group	0.01	0.02

Calculated net of fees, gross of non permissible income, Since Inception to 30 June 2019

(Source: Oasis Research; Morningstar Direct; I-Net Bridge: December 2000 - June 2019)

Performance is indicative only and for the period from inception to December 2016, is based on the Class A (USD) Shares (Dist). It has been converted to GBP on a monthly basis using the closing GBP/USD exchange rate as published by Bloomberg. A pound sterling class was launched on 15 May 2012, and from January 2017 performance is based on the Class E (GBP) Shares (Dist). Past performance is not indicative of future returns.

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Geographical Analysis

REGION	June 2019	
	OCGEF%	DJIM%
USA	63	66
Europe	21	12
ROW	13	16
Japan	3	6
Total	100	100

Geographical split of the Oasis Crescent Global Equity Fund & Dow Jones Islamic Market World Index (30 June 2019)

(Source: Oasis Research; Bloomberg: June 2019)

Sectoral Analysis

SECTOR	OCGEF%	DJIM%
Information Technology	26	27
Health Care	23	18
Communication Services	21	8
Consumer Discretionary	9	11
Materials	8	7
Energy	8	5
Consumer Staples	4	9
Real Estate	1	1
Financials	0	1
Industrials	0	12
Utilities	0	1
Total	100	100

(Source: Oasis Research; Bloomberg: June 2019)

Sectoral split of the Oasis Crescent Global Equity Fund & Dow Jones Islamic Market World Index (30 June 2019)

Fund Manager Comments

Figures released over the past quarter showed encouraging growth performances in key economies like the US, the UK and China. At the same time, inflation remained relatively subdued at rates below major central banks' targets. Despite these, macro and political uncertainty have increased, prompting fiscal and monetary authorities in major economies to respond. Major central banks like the US Fed, the Bank of England and the European Central Bank signalling more dovish stances, and markets are pricing in expectations of policy rate cuts. Other central banks like the Bank of India¹ and the Bank of Australia² have been cutting their benchmark rates, whilst others like the Central Bank of China³ have extended quantitative easing. China has also ramped up fiscal policy measures like increased infrastructure spending to bolster growth⁴. The changed policy stances have boosted liquidity, with benchmark yields declining, spreads of risk assets compressing, major equity markets hitting new highs and both developed and emerging market currencies gaining against the US dollar. Though global liquidity conditions have been more supportive, a number of countries and regions have been challenged by domestic uncertainty.

The spectre of trade wars was an ongoing feature over the last quarter. The US-China trade war that started in January 2018, was ramped up substantially when the US increased tariffs from 10% to 25% on \$200bn of Chinese imports in May, threatening to extend the tariffs on the rest of its imports from China, and China responding by levelling a range of tariffs on \$60bn of US imports. Major Chinese firms were also caught in the crossfire. The US administration banned US companies from exporting components to the Chinese technology giant Huawei and threatened non-US companies with exclusion to US markets if they fail to comply. More recently, the US detailed new restrictions on American companies doing business with five Chinese companies manufacturing supercomputers and related components.

China was not the only country that were threatened with tariffs. The US used the threat on its neighbour Mexico if the country failed to come up with acceptable measures to stem the tide of illegal immigration into the US via its borders. India was removed from the US Preferred Trade Program, opening the way for the imposition of tariffs on that country. The European Union is busy negotiating a trade deal with the US to avoid the latter imposing tariffs on its exports, with the European motor sector being in the US' crosshairs.

In addition to the uncertainties that trade wars have imposed on the global economy, recently there has also been a dramatic escalation of geopolitical risk centred on the Middle East. The sharp increase in tensions between the US and some of its Gulf allies on the one hand, and Iran on the other, threatens the flow of oil through the strategically important Strait of Hormus chokepoint between the Persian Gulf and the Gulf of Oman.

Global Equity markets volatility increased in the second quarter of 2019 as the escalation of the Trade war led to a major sell off in May, which, was subsequently reversed in June following the dovish stance taken by the Fed and other major Central Banks over interest rates. The MSCI World Index ended with a gain of 4.2% in the period with strong performance by the S&P 500 and DAX which returned 4.3% and 7.6% respectively.⁵ The outperformers from a sectoral perspective were Financials, Technology, Materials and Telecommunications. The Materials sector is benefiting from tight supply conditions for commodities such as Iron ore and Platinum Group Metals whereas Gold is benefiting from heightened geopolitical risks and expectations for lower interest rates globally. While earnings expectations have dampened in the last few months on macro concerns, the market rally in June has driven forward valuation just above long term average. However with the sharp contraction in bond yields, equities remain much more attractive from an asset class perspective.

The current market volatility is ideal for active managers, as it present opportunities to pick some high quality companies which are trading at significant discount to their intrinsic value. This is reflected in the portfolio valuation of the Oasis Crescent Global Equity Fund which is at a significant discount to the DJIM Index on most metrics. The Fund is invested in companies which are global leaders in their sectors, generate strong free cash flows, which enable them to pursue value enhancing opportunities such as share buy backs and mergers & acquisitions. Oasis has successfully navigated turbulent economic cycles since its inception and with strong focus on downside protection, we are confident that our portfolio is well positioned to provide attractive risk adjusted performance for our clients over the long-term.

- [1. https://rbi.org.in/Scripts/BS_PressReleaseDisplay.aspx?prid=47225.](https://rbi.org.in/Scripts/BS_PressReleaseDisplay.aspx?prid=47225)
- [2. https://www.rba.gov.au/media-releases/2019/mr-19-15.html.](https://www.rba.gov.au/media-releases/2019/mr-19-15.html)
- [3. https://www.reuters.com/article/us-china-economy/china-to-step-up-bank-reserve-ratio-cuts-to-help-small-firms-state-media-idUSKCN1RJ0D4.](https://www.reuters.com/article/us-china-economy/china-to-step-up-bank-reserve-ratio-cuts-to-help-small-firms-state-media-idUSKCN1RJ0D4)
- [4. https://www.reuters.com/article/us-oecd-china-economy/chinas-policy-stimulus-may-worsen-economic-distortions-oecd-idUSKCN1R50P7.](https://www.reuters.com/article/us-oecd-china-economy/chinas-policy-stimulus-may-worsen-economic-distortions-oecd-idUSKCN1R50P7)
- Bloomberg, 2019

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Disclaimer :

Undertakings for Collective Investments in Transferable Securities (UCITS) are generally medium to long term investments. Performance is indicative only and for the period from inception to December 2016, is based on the Class A (USD) Shares (Dist). It has been converted to GBP on a monthly basis using the closing GBP/USD exchange rate as published by Bloomberg. A pound sterling class was launched on 15 May 2012, and from January 2017 performance is based on the Class E (GBP) Shares (Dist). Past performance is not indicative of future returns.

Warning: The value of your investment may go down as well as up and past performance is not a reliable guide to future performance.

Commission and incentives may be paid and if so, would be included in the overall costs. Deductions for charges and expenses are not made uniformly throughout the life of the product, but are loaded disproportionately onto the early period.

Warning: Withdrawal from the product in the early period might affect the amount of money that the investor receives due to the practice of front-end loading, and the amount received might be less than the amount invested.

A schedule of fees and charges and maximum commissions is available from Oasis Global Management Company (Ireland) Ltd. ("the Management Company") on request. UCITS are traded at ruling prices and forward pricing is used. Portfolios are valued at 08h00 daily using the previous day's prices as at 22h00 GMT. All necessary documentation must be received before 14h00. Investments are made globally across a number of countries and currencies.

Warning: This product may be affected by changes in currency exchange rates.

Prices are calculated on a net asset value basis which is the total value of all assets in the Oasis Crescent Global Equity Fund, a "Sub-Fund" of Oasis Crescent Global Investment Fund (Ireland) plc (the "Fund"), including any income accruals and less any permissible deductions from the Sub-Fund which may include but not be limited to auditors fees, bank charges, custodian fees, management fees and investment advisory fees. UCITS can engage in borrowing and scrip lending and may borrow up to 10% of the market value of the portfolio to bridge insufficient liquidity.

Warning: The income that an investor may get from an investment may go down as well as up.

The Management Company and the Fund are regulated by the Central Bank of Ireland and the UCITS funds are managed in accordance with the UCITS regulations (Ireland). Performance figures quoted are from Oasis Research and Morningstar for the period ending 30 June 2019 for lump sum investment, using NAV-NAV prices with income distributions reinvested. Returns may vary depending on the actual date of investment and the actual date of reinvestment of income. The Key Investor Information Documents or a full Prospectus are available on request from the Management Company and Oasis Crescent Management Company Ltd. The Fund is regulated by the Central Bank of Ireland and the Sub-Fund is registered with the Financial Services Board for distribution in South Africa and with the Financial Conduct Authority for distribution in the United Kingdom. The Sub-Fund has a Total Expense Ratio (TER) of 1.27%, which is the average Net Asset Value of the portfolio incurred as charges, levies and fees related to the management of the portfolio. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The ratio does not include transaction costs. The current TER cannot be regarded as an indication of future TERs. Full details and basis of accolades received are available from the Management Company and Oasis Crescent Management Company Ltd. All information and opinions provided are of a general nature and the document contains no express or implied recommendation, warranty, guidance, advice or proposal that the products are appropriate to the investment objectives, financial situation or needs of any individual or entity. The Management Company, or Oasis Crescent Advisory Services (UK) Limited, or any of their affiliated or related entities accept no responsibility for any loss, damage or harm of whatever nature suffered as a result of the use of, or reliance on, any information contained in this document. All data and information (unless otherwise stated) is as at 30 June 2019.